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INCREASED USE OF SECONDARY METHODS OF PETROLEUM EXTRACTION URGED

Efficient methods of exploiting petroleum deposits are mighty weapons in the struggle for increased extraction. Among these weapons are utilization of secondary methods of potroleum extraction and maintenance of stratum pressure. It is generally known that petroleum extraction from strata depends directly On the magnitude of stratum pressure. Continuous expenditure of stratum energy leads to a decrease in the output of the wells, frequently diagnosed incorrectly as exhaustion of the stratum. Actually, half the supply of oil remains in the stratum. This residual petroleum is an important reserve and must be extracted by employing secondary methods.

In the new Fiv/-Year Plan, provisions have been made for the wid intredustice of secondary methods. Meanwhile, secondary methods of petroleum extraction have not been given proper attention by Azneft' Azerbaydshan Petroleum Combine 17. Among the most guilty are the leaders of petroleum trusts and trades who have inexcusably delayed carrying out the designated measures for secritary methods, having failed to perceive their importance. Operations have been carried on unsystematically, without proper control or regulation of processes. Even in those regions where positive results were achieved in individual experimental areas, the methods were not used widely enough.

Appreciating the economic significance of secondary methods of extraction of petroleum, the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Azerbaydzhan mided of the Ameft' directors and its trusts a quick end to this underestimation of secondary methods. By the end of 1948, no less than 2,000 wells are to be operating under secondary methods. This figure alone speaks for the encruous scope of the future operations. The wast supplies of residual petroleum must be tapped.

The Artemeft', Buzovnyneft', Leninneft', Kirovneft', Stalinneft', Ordishonikidzeneft', and Kirovabadneft' Trusts have received clear-cut instruc-tions from Ameft' concerning the institution and application of secondary methods of operation. Directors of these trusts must realize that with a

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technically correct handling of the process, the coefficients of petroleum extraction from strata can be sharply raised. This will effect a significant increase in industrial reserves and a growth in cutput of wells.

Chief engineers, petroleum trust geologists, enterprise managers, and senior geologists are personally obligated to select objectives for secondary methods, to establish plans for supervising the process, and to adjust the forcing process.

To guarantee proper selection of objectives and careful drafting of technological plans, the Technical Council on Secondary Methods has been set up in the Axmeft'.

A large volume of secondary method operations has been projected for 1947. Flans for forcing compressed air into petroleum levels have been projected by Kirovneft', Stalinneft', Leninneft' and Ordzhonikidzeneft Trusts. Strata have been selected for repression.

In the new Shabandag deposits, compressed air will be pumped into the main sections of the exploited levels of the Kirmakinskiy strata to maintain pressure.

Extra-sentour (zakenturnyy) flooding has been started by 13 sections of the Lenimmeft' Trust. To maintain pressure in the stratum, extra-contour flooding of the Podkirmakinskiy strata of Buzzyny-Mashtaginskiy deposit is under commideration.

The flooding of the second level of the Kalinskiy deposit is contemplated. The preparatory work for contour (prikonturnyy) flooding in the Artemeft' Trust is in process. Planning for surface flooding at Khorozany has been started. The Marietta method is being utilized by the Lenimmeft', Stalinmeft', and Kirovneft' Trusts.

The first positive results have been achieved by these trusts. The various enterprises of the Kirovneft' (PK /sic/ of the southern wing of the Binagadinskiy deposits) have increased daily output by 20-25 percent. In the short peried since introduction of the process, the trust has produced more than 6,500 additional tens of petroleum.

However, the effectiveness of the process on a number of wells was not made apparent since the technological method was not revised in accordance with charging conditions in the strata. Poor timing of subterranean repair work on wells subjected to repression and the failure to properly supervise the operation of the process have delayed success.

The Assett' Technical Council on Secondary Methods recently discussed extra-contour flooding in the Buzchyneft' enterprises. Preparatory operations for extracting caustic water and determining the absorptive capacity of the wells were found to be unsatisfactory.

Realisation of the various flooding operations is hindered also by the absence of a sufficient supply of the working agent -- water. Despite the fact that a great deal of water is extracted along with petroleum, the trusts have not yet provided for its storage. In almost all regions a considerable number of walls is situated beyond the periphery of the oil-bearing area. The trusts should determine the highest producing wells beyond the periphery and begin exploiting them for water.

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The realization of secondary methods has been retarded by the Azmerteproset (planning) and the Azmerteprometroi (construction) organizations. The planning of water-purification plants must be standarized and simplified. But the Azmerteproset has chosen to complicate organization of these plants and increase the cost and time needed for their construction. The Azmerteprometroi has not even begun construction of a water purification plant.

Effecting of secondary methods is bound up with the physical nature of the strata. The determination of the percentage of buried water and the penetrability of the strata are very important problems. Test wells must be drilled. In preparation for such drilling, provisions must be made for obtaining all necessary data on the physical nature of the strata. Careless drilling of test wells can deprive technical plans of essential information and lower the quality of the plans.

Becomdary methods will go into high gear in 1948. But it is necessary to select objectives immediately and to lay technological plans so that the necessary number of wells will be drilled in 1948.

The Apsheron Peninsula is rightly called the petroleum treasure-house of the USSR. Beneath it flow immeasurable reserves of petroleum. Secondary methods of exploitation, together with a survey of active wells and improvement of technological plans, are reliable sources of grewth for our petroleum industry.

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